





Zcore^m *is an osteoconductive, porous, anorganic bone mineral with a carbonate apatite structure derived from porcine cancellous bone.*

Interconnecting macroscopic and microscopic porous structure supports the formation and ingrowth of new bone

▶ 88% to 95% Void Space: hyper-porosity of porcine cancellous matrix and intra-particle space facilitated by rough particle morphology reduce bulk density of the graft, allowing greater empty space for new bone growth*

► Derived from porcine cancellous bone, eliminating any risk of BSE transmission

► Heat treated to an optimal temperature that ensures a degree of crystallinity¹ consistent with native bone mineral to allow for remodeling of the healing bone

*0.25 mm – 1.0 mm particle size = 88% void space, 1.0 mm – 2.0 mm = 95% void space

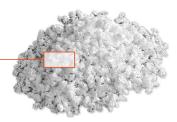
1. Li ST, Chen HC, Yuen D. Isolation and Characterization of a Porous Carbonate Apatite From Porcine Cancellous Bone. Science, Technology, Innovation, Aug. 2014: 1–13.

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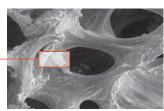


Proprietary processing steps preserve both interconnecting macroscopic and microscopic porous architecture.

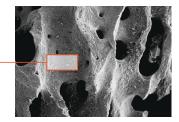




SEM of Processed Human Bone Magnification x50



SEM of Zcore™ Porcine Xenograft Particulate Magnification x50



Zcore[™] Porcine Xenograft Particulate

0.25 mm – 1.0 mm Particle Size
 0.5 cc
 Part No. ZS050

 1.0 cc
 Part No. ZS100

 2.0 cc
 Part No. ZS200

 4.0 cc
 Part No. ZS400

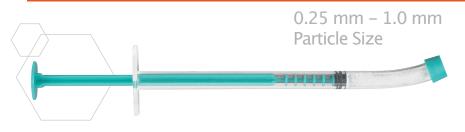


Zcore[™] Porcine Xenograft Particulate

1.0 mm – 2.0 mm Particle Size
 1.0 cc
 Part No. ZL100

 2.0 cc
 Part No. ZL200





0.25 cc Part No. ZY025 0.5 cc Part No. ZY050 1.0 cc Part No. ZY100

Rev 7.15 Zcore™ is manufactured by Collagen Matrix, Inc. | U.S. Patent # 8,980,328 -Method of preparing porous carbonate apatite from natural bone, 2015

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